# Canada Provides Ships as Well as Men For Grim War Tasks on Mighty Atlantic 

a-building, and a new type of patrol ship, designed this time primarily for war and not for peace, came into being. Built on the west coast, they are manned by men of the west coast, and the fishermen whose call to service, came in the days of emergency are now an integral part of the Royal Canadian Navy.

Pride of Canada's yards, though, are the corvettes which they have built. The efficiency of these war-ships-in-miniature is well known. Fast enough for deadly attack upon enemy submarines, and with a cruising range which permits them to keep the seas for long periods, they have played a big part in the Battle of the Atlantic and their service as convoy-escorts has been invaluable. Their guns are heavy enough to engage a submarine which dares to come to the surface and their high-angle armament is ready for the enemy which flies. For the submarines which Iurk beneath the waves they have their deadly depth-charges.

Minesweepers, too, are equipped to deal death to the enemy as well as to sweep death from the seas, and in building this class of warship the shipyards have -again helped build Canada's navy into a strong offensive, as well as defensive, force.

## Typical Feeling

In one of Canada's yards was born an idea which, in addition to setting a precedent for the Empire, also gave proof of the pride which the men who build ships feel in their contribution to Canada's naval strength. When H.M.C.S. Vancouver was launched, the men who had built her and Norman YarSMALL BUT MIGHIY_One of Canada's new corvettes, slim Canadian-built vessels whi row, of Yarrow's Yards, Esquimalt, are proving most effective in convoy and anti-submarine work, is here shown as it stear out to sea from a Canadian port.
-Canadian Navy Photograp

Canada, which has provided the men to man Canada's new navy, has provided the ships-of-war as well.

Grim, grey corvettes, built and launched in Canada, were soon to be breasting the combers of the North Atlantic. Minesweepers fol-
lowed in their wake as, from their launching slips, they steamed to take their place at sea.

Submarine chasers and motor torpedo boats, small but important units in a fleet-in-being, were part of the Dominion's mammoth, \$120,000,000 ship-building program in which Canada is participating to
the fullest extent of its shipyar capacity and its shipbuilders' sk

## Valuable Additions

 There was ano class of sponsor the ship and preside at her built, a ship for that part of christening. Lots were drawn by naval service which, almost excthe married men and Walter Ayton sively British Columbia's own, had the proud pleasure of asking serves nation-wide mention: Ithis wife to fill the role of sponsor.This example of the feeling held by the builders in the worth of the the Fishermen's Reserve. At ships is typical of the feeling in all outbreak of war the Fishermethe yards
Reserve, organized in the spring And equalling this pride is that that same year, was called imrfelt by the whole Dominion for its diately into service. It broughtmen who to-day, with those ships the navy proper some 40 of are making good the navy's tradisturdy, deep-sea fishing boats whtional phase of "being in all rewere to prove so valuable for mispects ready for sea and to engage sweeping and patrol work. Tthe enemy." boats were manned by men whi seamanship was of the highest and whose knowledge of the waters in which they served could not be surpassed. Their craft, it is true, were designed for peace-time pursuits and not for war service, buit they did the job.

So well did they do it, and so necessary was the work they undertook, that the needs of the Fishermen's Reserve were given full consideration when new ships were

